



e-MMC™ Memory

MTFC4GLUEA-AIT, MTFC8GLUEA-AIT
MTFC16GJUEC-AIT, MTFC32GJUED-AIT

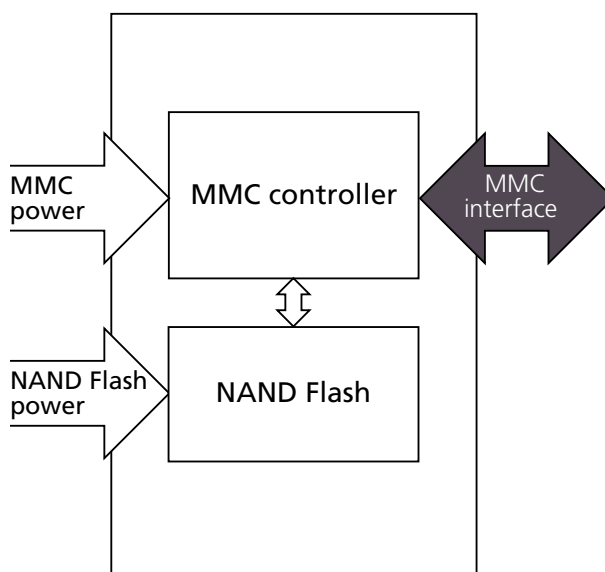
Features

- MultiMediaCard (MMC) controller and NAND Flash
- 153- or 169-ball TFBGA (RoHS 6/6-compliant)
- V_{CC} : 2.7–3.6V
- V_{CCQ} (dual voltage): 1.65–1.95V; 2.7–3.6V
- Temperature ranges
 - Operating temperature: -40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$
 - Storage temperature: -40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Typical current consumption
 - Standby current: 130–180 μA (dependent on part number)
 - Active current (RMS): 75mA (4GB), 100mA (8GB, 16GB, 32GB)

MMC-Specific Features

- JEDEC/MMC standard version 4.41-compliant (JEDEC Standard No. 84-A441) – SPI mode not supported (see www.jedec.org/sites/default/files/docs/JESD84-A441.pdf)
 - Advanced 11-signal interface
 - x1, x4, and x8 I/Os, selectable by host
 - MMC mode operation
 - Command classes: class 0 (basic); class 2 (block read); class 4 (block write); class 5 (erase); class 6 (write protection); class 7 (lock card)
 - Temporary write protection
 - 52 MHz clock speed (MAX)
 - Boot operation (high-speed boot)
 - Sleep mode
 - Replay-protected memory block (RPMB)
 - Secure erase and trim
 - Hardware reset signal
 - Multiple partitions with enhanced attribute
 - Permanent and power-on write protection
 - Double data rate (DDR) function
 - High-priority interrupt (HPI)

Figure 1: Micron e-MMC Device



MMC-Specific Features (Continued)

- Background operation
- Enhanced reliable write
- Fully enhanced configurable
- Backward-compatible with previous MMC modes
- ECC and block management implemented



4GB, 8GB, 16GB, 32GB: e-MMC (Automotive) Features

e-MMC Performance

Table 1: MLC Partition Performance

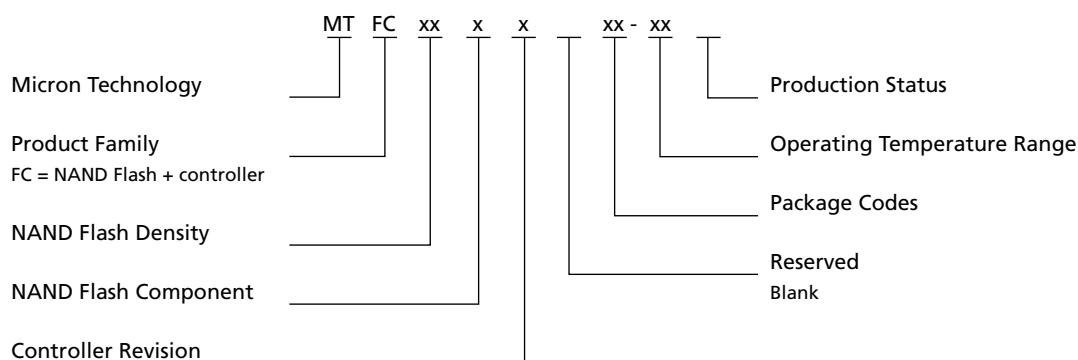
Condition	Typical Values			Units
	MTFC4GLUEA-AIT	MTFC8GLUEA-AIT	MTFC16GJUEC-AIT MTFC32GJUED-AIT	
Sequential write	6.6	13.5	20	MB/s
Sequential read	27	44	44	MB/s
Random write	90	90	100	IOPS
Random read	1080	1080	1100	IOPS

Note: 1. Bus in x8 I/O mode. Sequential access of 1MB chunk; random access of 4KB chunk over 1GB span. Additional performance data, such as system performance on a specific application board, will be provided in a separate document upon customer request.

Part Numbering Information

Micron® e-MMC memory devices are available in different configurations and densities.

Figure 2: e-MMC Part Numbering





4GB, 8GB, 16GB, 32GB: e-MMC (Automotive) Features

Table 2: Ordering Information

Manufacturing Part Number	Density	Package	NAND Flash Type	Shipping Media
MTFC4GLUEA-AIT	4GB	153-ball TFBGA 11.5mm x 13.0mm x 0.8mm	1 x 32Gb, 25nm, MLC	Tray/Tape and reel
MTFC8GLUEA-AIT	8GB	153-ball TFBGA 11.5mm x 13.0mm x 0.8mm	2 x 32Gb, 25nm, MLC	Tray/Tape and reel
MTFC16GJUEC-AIT	16GB	169-ball TFBGA 14.0mm x 18.0mm x 0.8mm	2 x 64Gb, 25nm, MLC	Tray/Tape and reel
MTFC32GJUED-AIT	32GB	169-ball TFBGA 14.0mm x 18.0mm x 1.0mm	4 x 64Gb, 25nm, MLC	Tray/Tape and reel



4GB, 8GB, 16GB, 32GB: e-MMC (Automotive) General Description

General Description

Micron *e*-MMC is a communication and mass data storage device that includes a Multi-MediaCard (MMC) interface, a NAND Flash component, and a controller on an advanced 11-signal bus, which is compliant with the MMC system specification. Its cost per bit, small package sizes, and high reliability make it an ideal choice for automotive applications, including information and entertainment, navigation tools, advanced driving assistance systems, and a variety of other industrial and portable products.

The nonvolatile *e*-MMC draws no power to maintain stored data, delivers high performance across a wide range of operating temperatures, and resists shock and vibration disruption.



Signal Descriptions

Table 3: Signal Descriptions

Symbol	Type	Description
CLK	Input	Clock: Each cycle of the clock directs a transfer on the command line and on the data line(s). The frequency can vary between the minimum and the maximum clock frequency.
RST_n	Input	Reset: The RST_n signal is used by the host for resetting the device, moving the device to the pre-idle state. By default, the RST_n signal is temporarily disabled in the device. The host must set ECSD register byte 162, bits[1:0] to 0x1 to enable this functionality before the host can use it.
CMD	I/O	Command: This signal is a bidirectional command channel used for command and response transfers. The CMD signal has two bus modes: open-drain mode and push-pull mode (see Operating Modes). Commands are sent from the MMC host to the device, and responses are sent from the device to the host.
DAT[7:0]	I/O	Data I/O: These are bidirectional data signals. The DAT signals operate in push-pull mode. By default, after power-on or assertion of the RST_n signal, only DAT0 is used for data transfer. The MMC controller can configure a wider data bus for data transfer either using DAT[3:0] (4-bit mode) or DAT[7:0] (8-bit mode). e-MMC includes internal pull-up resistors for data lines DAT[7:1]. Immediately after entering the 4-bit mode, the device disconnects the internal pull-up resistors on the DAT[3:1] lines. Upon entering the 8-bit mode, the device disconnects the internal pull-ups on the DAT[7:1] lines.
V _{CC}	Supply	V _{CC} : NAND interface (I/F) I/O and NAND Flash power supply.
V _{CCQ}	Supply	V _{CCQ} : e-MMC controller core and e-MMC I/F I/O power supply.
V _{SS} ¹	Supply	V _{SS} : NAND I/F I/O and NAND Flash ground connection.
V _{SSQ} ¹	Supply	V _{SSQ} : e-MMC controller core and e-MMC I/F ground connection.
V _{DDIM}		Internal voltage node: At least a 0.1µF capacitor is required to connect V _{DDIM} to ground. A 1µF capacitor is recommended. Do not tie to supply voltage or ground.
NC	–	No connect: No internal connection is present.
RFU	–	Reserved for future use: No internal connection is present. Leave it floating externally.

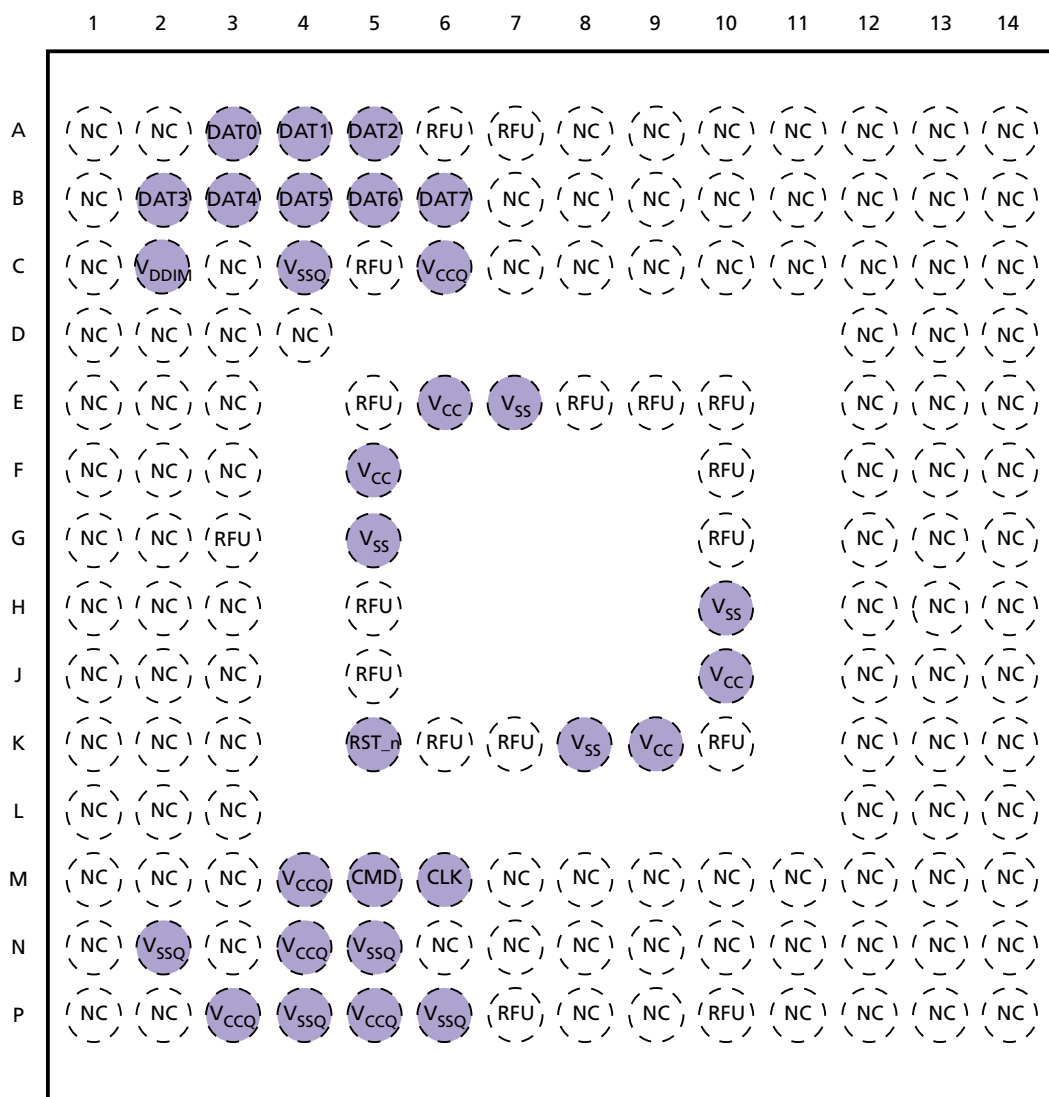
Note: 1. V_{SS} and V_{SSQ} are connected internally.



4GB, 8GB, 16GB, 32GB: e-MMC (Automotive) 153-Ball Signal Assignments

153-Ball Signal Assignments

Figure 3: 153-Ball FBGA (Top View, Ball Down)



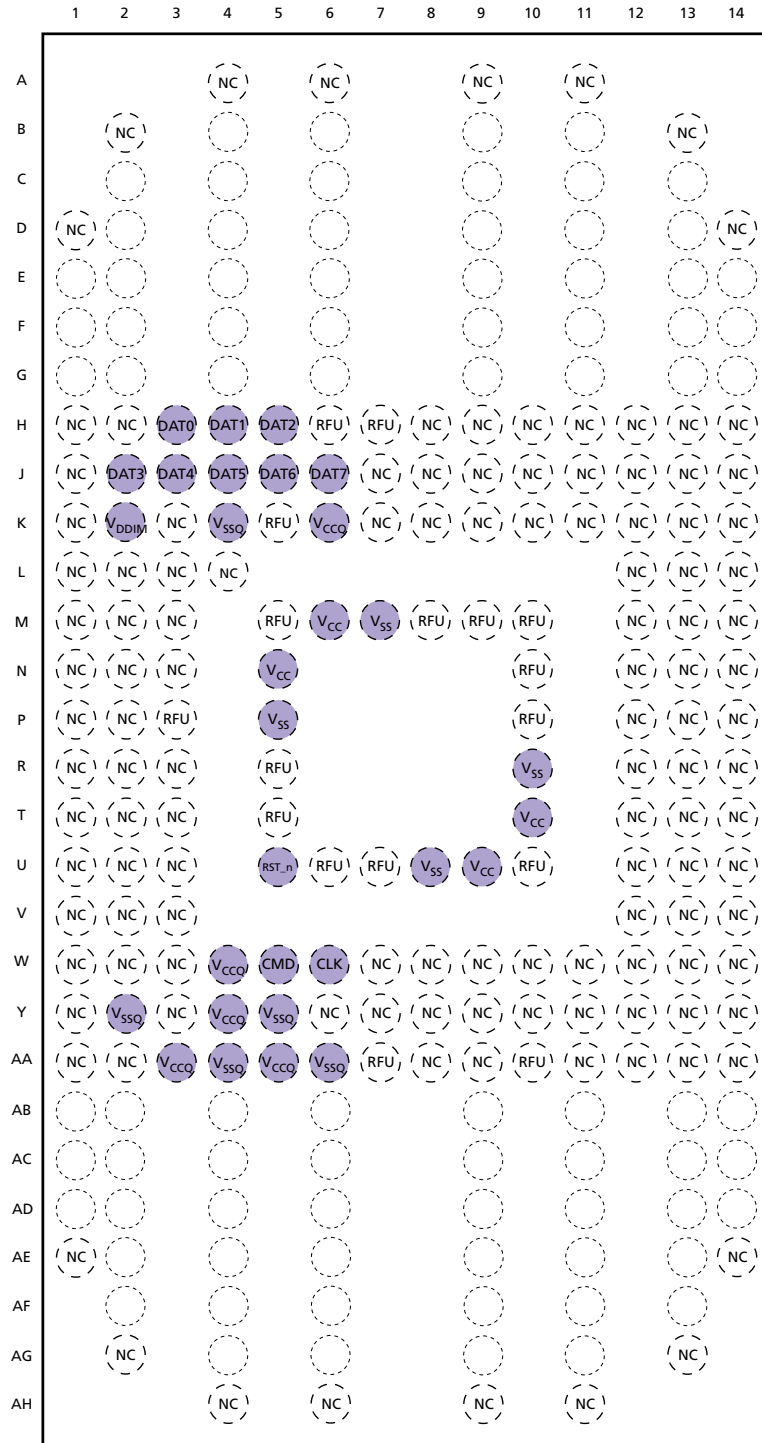
- Notes:
1. Some test pads on the device are not shown. They are not solder balls and are for Micron internal use only.
 2. Some previous versions of the JEDEC product or mechanical specification had defined reserved for future use (RFU) balls as no connect (NC) balls. NC balls assigned in the previous specifications could have been connected to ground on the system board. To enable new feature introduction, some of these balls are assigned as RFU in the v4.4 mechanical specification. Any new PCB footprint implementations should use the new ball assignments and leave the RFU balls floating on the system board.



4GB, 8GB, 16GB, 32GB: e-MMC (Automotive) 169-Ball Signal Assignments

169-Ball Signal Assignments

Figure 4: 169-Ball FBGA (Top View, Ball Down)



Notes: 1. Empty balls do not denote actual solder balls; they are position indicators only.



4GB, 8GB, 16GB, 32GB: e-MMC (Automotive) 169-Ball Signal Assignments

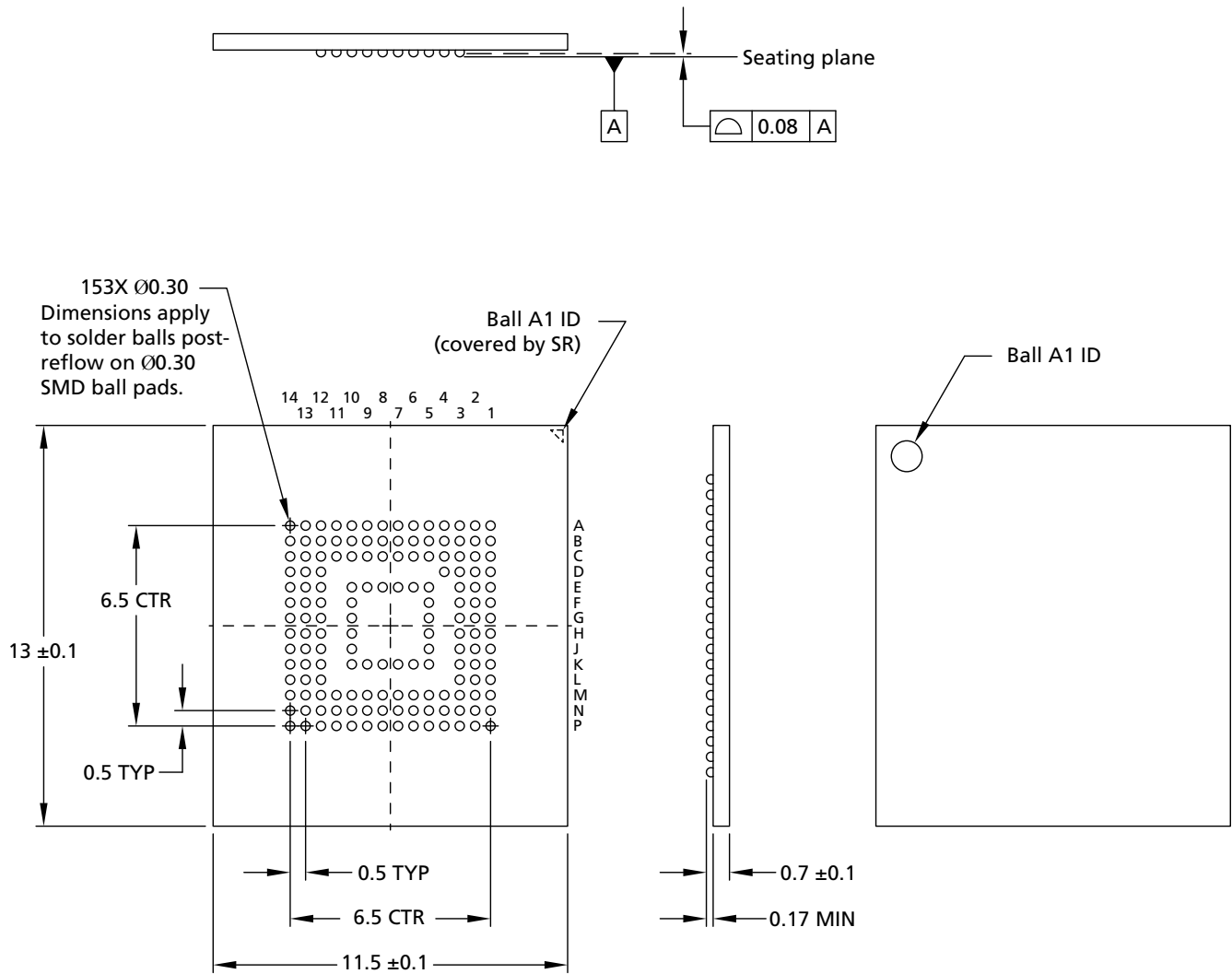
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4GB, 8GB, 16GB, 32GB: e-MMC (Automotive) Package Dimensions

Package Dimensions

Figure 5: 153-Ball TFBGA – 11.5mm x 13.0mm x 0.8mm (Package Code: EA)

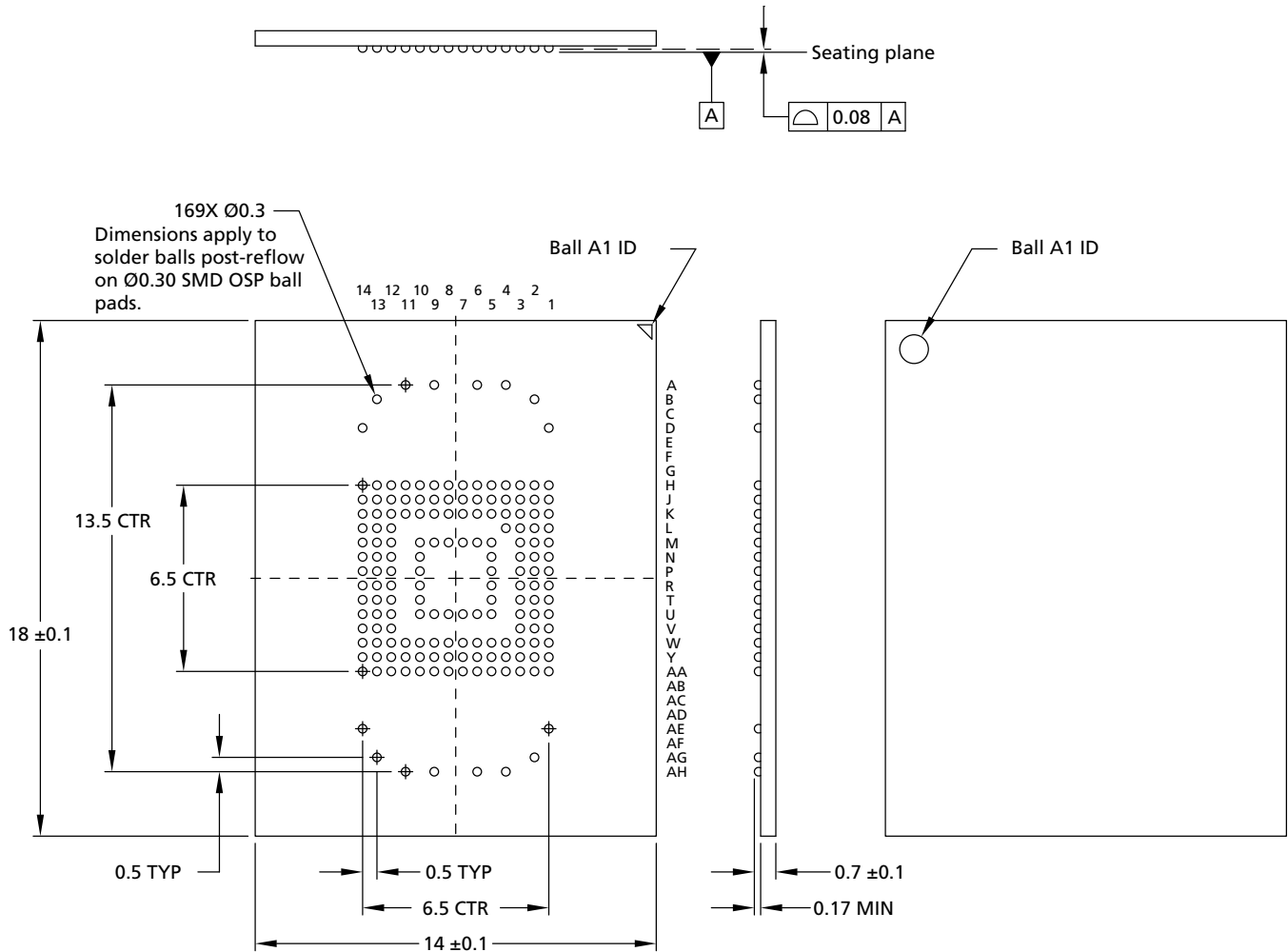


- Notes: 1. Dimensions are in millimeters.
2. Solder ball material:



4GB, 8GB, 16GB, 32GB: e-MMC (Automotive) Package Dimensions

Figure 6: 169-Ball TFBGA – 14.0mm x 18.00mm x 0.8mm (Package Code: EC)

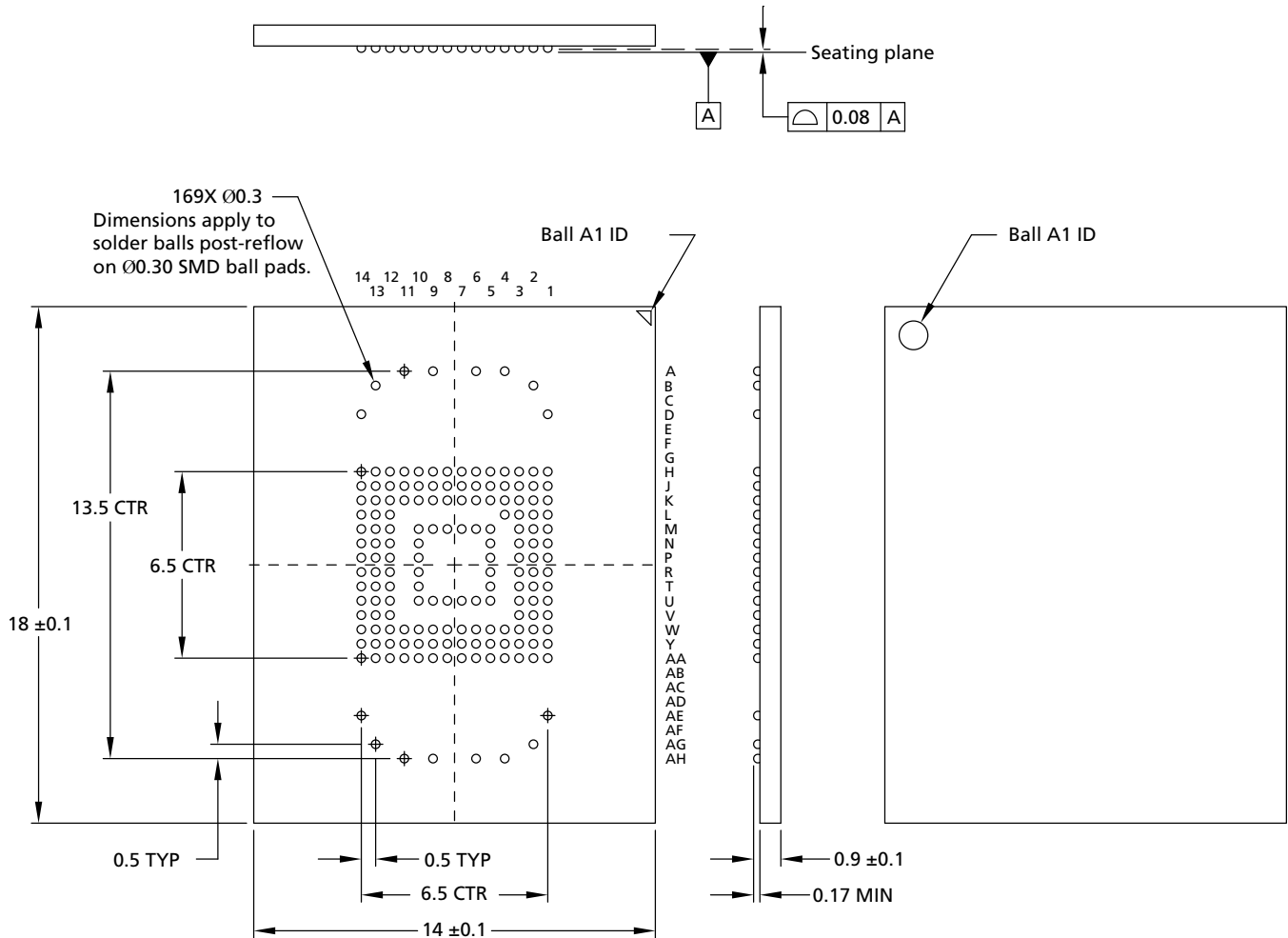


- Notes:
1. Dimensions are in millimeters.
 2. Solder ball material: LF35 (98.25% Sn, 1.2% Ag, 0.5% Cu, 0.05% Ni).



4GB, 8GB, 16GB, 32GB: e-MMC (Automotive) Package Dimensions

Figure 7: 169-Ball TFBGA – 14.0mm x 18.00mm x 1.0mm (Package Code: ED)

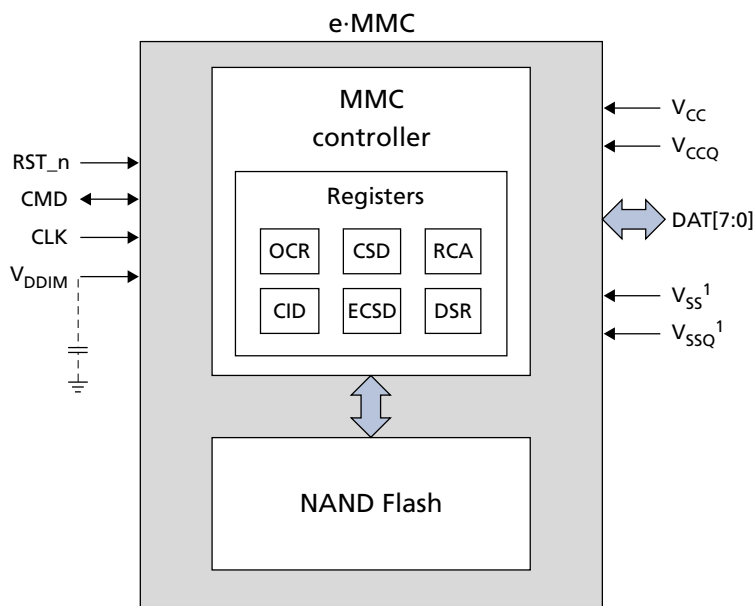


- Notes:
1. Dimensions are in millimeters.
 2. Solder ball material: LF35 (98.25% Sn, 1.2% Ag, 0.5% Cu, 0.05% Ni).



Architecture

Figure 8: e-MMC Functional Block Diagram



Note: 1. V_{SS} and V_{SSQ} are internally connected.

MMC Protocol Independent of NAND Flash Technology

The MMC specification defines the communication protocol between a host and a device. The protocol is independent of the NAND Flash features included in the device. The device has an intelligent on-board controller that manages the MMC communication protocol.

The controller also handles block management functions such as logical block allocation and wear leveling. These management functions require complex algorithms and depend entirely on NAND Flash technology (generation or memory cell type).

The device handles these management functions internally, making them invisible to the host processor.

Defect and Error Management

Micron e-MMC incorporates advanced technology for defect and error management. If a defective block is identified, the device completely replaces the defective block with one of the spare blocks. This process is invisible to the host and does not affect data space allocated for the user.

The device also includes a built-in error correction code (ECC) algorithm to ensure that data integrity is maintained.

To make the best use of these advanced technologies and ensure proper data loading and storage over the life of the device, the host must exercise the following precautions:

- Check the status after WRITE, READ, and ERASE operations.
- Avoid power-down during WRITE and ERASE operations.



4GB, 8GB, 16GB, 32GB: e-MMC (Automotive) CID Register

CID Register

The card identification (CID) register is 128 bits wide. It contains the device identification information used during the card identification phase as required by *e*-MMC protocol. Each device is created with a unique identification number.

Table 4: CID Register Field Parameters

Name	Field	Width	CID Bits	CID Value
Manufacturer ID	MID	8	[127:120]	FEh
Reserved	–	6	[119:114]	–
Card/BGA	CBX	2	[113:112]	01h
OEM/application ID	OID	8	[111:104]	–
Product name	PNM	48	[103:56]	–
Product revision	PRV	8	[55:48]	–
Product serial number	PSN	32	[47:16]	–
Manufacturing date	MDT	8	[15:8]	–
CRC7 checksum	CRC	7	[7:1]	–
Not used; always 1	–	1	0	–



4GB, 8GB, 16GB, 32GB: e-MMC (Automotive) CSD Register

CSD Register

The card-specific data (CSD) register provides information about accessing the device contents. The CSD register defines the data format, error correction type, maximum data access time, and data transfer speed, as well as whether the DS register can be used. The programmable part of the register (entries marked with W or E in the following table) can be changed by the PROGRAM_CSD (CMD27) command.

Table 5: CSD Register Field Parameters

Name	Field	Width	Cell Type ¹	CSD Bits	CSD Value
CSD structure	CSD_STRUCTURE	2	R	[127:126]	3h
System specification version	SPEC_VERS	4	R	[125:122]	4h
Reserved ²	–	2	TBD	[121:120]	–
Data read access time 1	TAAC	8	R	[119:112]	4Fh
Data read access time 2 in CLK cycles (NSAC × 100)	NSAC	8	R	[111:104]	01h
Maximum bus clock frequency	TRAN_SPEED	8	R	[103:96]	32h
Card command classes	CCC	12	R	[95:84]	0F5h
Maximum read data block length	READ_BL_LEN	4	R	[83:80]	9h
Partial blocks for reads supported	READ_BL_PARTIAL	1	R	79	0h
Write block misalignment	WRITE_BLK_MISALIGN	1	R	78	0h
Read block misalignment	READ_BLK_MISALIGN	1	R	77	0h
DS register implemented	DSR_IMP	1	R	76	1h
Reserved	–	2	R	[75:74]	–
Device size	C_SIZE	12	R	[73:62]	FFFh
Maximum read current at V _{DD,min}	VDD_R_CURR_MIN	3	R	[61:59]	7h
Maximum read current at V _{DD,max}	VDD_R_CURR_MAX	3	R	[58:56]	7h
Maximum write current at V _{DD,min}	VDD_W_CURR_MIN	3	R	[55:53]	7h
Maximum write current at V _{DD,max}	VDD_W_CURR_MAX	3	R	[52:50]	7h
Device size multiplier	C_SIZE_MULT	3	R	[49:47]	7h
Erase group size	ERASE_GRP_SIZE	5	R	[46:42]	1Fh
Erase group size multiplier	ERASE_GRP_MULT	5	R	[41:37]	1Fh
Write protect group size	WP_GRP_SIZE	5	R	[36:32]	07h
	MTFC4GLUEA-AIT				0Fh
	MTFC8GLUEA-AIT				1Fh
	MTFC16GJUEC-AIT				1Fh
Write protect group enable	WP_GRP_ENABLE	1	R	31	1h
Manufacturer default ECC	DEFAULT_ECC	2	R	[30:29]	0h
Write-speed factor	R2W_FACTOR	3	R	[28:26]	2h
Maximum write data block length	WRITE_BL_LEN	4	R	[25:22]	9h
Partial blocks for writes supported	WRITE_BL_PARTIAL	1	R	21	0h
Reserved	–	4	R	[20:17]	–



4GB, 8GB, 16GB, 32GB: eMMC (Automotive) CSD Register

Table 5: CSD Register Field Parameters (Continued)

Name	Field	Width	Cell Type ¹	CSD Bits	CSD Value
Content protection application	CONTENT_PROT_APP	1	R	16	0h
File-format group	FILE_FORMAT_GRP	1	R/W	15	0h
Copy flag (OTP)	COPY	1	R/W	14	0h
Permanent write protection	PERM_WRITE_PROTECT	1	R/W	13	0h
Temporary write protection	TMP_WRITE_PROTECT	1	R/W/E	12	0h
File format	FILE_FORMAT	2	R/W	[11:10]	0h
ECC	ECC	2	R/W/E	[9:8]	0h
CRC	CRC	7	R/W/E	[7:1]	–
Not used; always 1	–	1	–	0	1h

Notes: 1. R = Read-only

R/W = One-time programmable and readable

R/W/E = Multiple writable with value kept after a power cycle, assertion of the RST_n signal, and any CMD0 reset, and readable

TBD = To be determined

2. Reserved bits should be read as 0.

3. If ($2.7V \leq V_{CCQ} \leq 3.6V$), Micron recommends evaluating a reduction of the $I_{PEAK, max}$ driving capability to 8mA or 4mA using the SET_DSR command (CMD4). The optimal setting must be selected according to the actual capacitive load on the eMMC interface signals in the user application board.

CMD4 Argument	Driving Capability (mA)
0x01000000	4
0x02000000	8
0x04000000	12 (default)
0x08000000	16
0x10000000	20
0x20000000	24
0x40000000	28
0x80000000	32



4GB, 8GB, 16GB, 32GB: eMMC (Automotive) ECSD Register

ECSD Register

The 512-byte extended card-specific data (ECSD) register defines device properties and selected modes. The most significant 320 bytes are the properties segment. This segment defines device capabilities and cannot be modified by the host. The lower 192 bytes are the modes segment. The modes segment defines the configuration in which the device is working. The host can change the properties of modes segments using the SWITCH command.

Table 6: ECSD Register Field Parameters

Name	Field		Size (Bytes)	Cell Type ¹	ECSD Bytes	ECSD Value
Properties Segment						
Reserved ²	–		7	–	[511:505]	–
Supported command sets	S_CMD_SET		1	R	504	01h
HPI features	HPI_FEATURES		1	R	503	03h
Background operations support	BKOPS_SUPPORT		1	R	502	01h
Reserved	–		255	–	[501:247]	–
Background operations status	BKOPS_STATUS		1	R	246	0h
Number of correctly programmed sectors	CORRECTLY_PRG_SECTORS_NUM		4	R	[245:242]	–
First initialization time after partitioning (first CMD1 to device ready)	INI_TIMEOUT_AP	MTFC4GLUEA-AIT	1	R	241	F6h
		MTCF8GLUEA-AIT				
		MTFC16GJUEC-AIT				
		MTFC32GJUED-AIT				FFh
Reserved	–		1	–	240	–
Power class for 52 MHz, DDR at 3.6V ³	PWR_CL_DDR_52_360		1	R	239	0h
Power class for 52 MHz, DDR at 1.95V ³	PWR_CL_DDR_52_195		1	R	238	0h
Reserved	–		2	–	[237:236]	–
Minimum write performance for 8-bit at 52 MHz in DDR mode	MIN_PERF_DDR_W_8_52		1	R	235	0h
Minimum read performance for 8-bit at 52 MHz in DDR mode	MIN_PERF_DDR_R_8_52		1	R	234	0h
Reserved	–		1	–	233	–
TRIM multiplier	TRIM_MULT	MTFC4GLUEA-AIT	1	R	232	06h
		MTCF8GLUEA-AIT				
		MTFC16GJUEC-AIT				
		MTFC32GJUED-AIT				0Fh
Secure feature support	SEC_FEATURE_SUPPORT		1	R	231	15h
SECURE ERASE multiplier	SEC_ERASE_MULT	MTFC4GLUEA-AIT	1	R	230	02h
		MTCF8GLUEA-AIT				
		MTFC16GJUEC-AIT				
		MTFC32GJUED-AIT				06h


**4GB, 8GB, 16GB, 32GB: e-MMC (Automotive)
ECSD Register**
Table 6: ECSD Register Field Parameters (Continued)

Name	Field		Size (Bytes)	Cell Type ¹	ECSD Bytes	ECSD Value
SECURE TRIM multiplier	SEC_TRIM_MULT	MTFC4GLUEA-AIT	1	R	229	03h
		MTCF8GLUEA-AIT				
		MTFC16GJUEC-AIT				09h
		MTFC32GJUED-AIT				
Boot information	BOOT_INFO		1	R	228	7h
Reserved	–		1	–	227	–
Boot partition size	BOOT_SIZE_MULT	MTFC4GLUEA-AIT	1	R	226	08h
		MTCF8GLUEA-AIT				10h
		MTFC16GJUEC-AIT				20h
		MTFC32GJUED-AIT				40h
Access size	ACC_SIZE	MTFC4GLUEA-AIT	1	R	225	05h
		MTCF8GLUEA-AIT				06h
		MTFC16GJUEC-AIT				07h
		MTFC32GJUED-AIT				
High-capacity erase unit size	HC_ERASE_GRP_SIZE	MTFC4GLUEA-AIT	1	R	224	04h
		MTCF8GLUEA-AIT				08h
		MTFC16GJUEC-AIT				10h
		MTFC32GJUED-AIT				
High-capacity erase timeout	ERASE_TIMEOUT_MULT		1	R	223	01h
Reliable write-sector count	REL_WR_SEC_C		1	R	222	01h
High-capacity write protect group size	HC_WP_GRP_SIZE	MTFC4GLUEA-AIT	1	R	221	02h
		MTCF8GLUEA-AIT				
		MTFC16GJUEC-AIT				
		MTFC32GJUED-AIT				04h
Sleep current (V _{CC})	S_C_VCC		1	R	220	08h
Sleep current (V _{CCQ})	S_C_VCCQ		1	R	219	08h
Reserved	–		1	–	218	–
Sleep/awake timeout	S_A_TIMEOUT		1	R	217	10h
Reserved	–		1	–	216	–
Sector count	SEC_COUNT	MTFC4GLUEA-AIT	4	R	[215:212]	00754000h
		MTCF8GLUEA-AIT				00EA8000h
		MTFC16GJUEC-AIT				01D50000h
		MTFC32GJUED-AIT				03B40000h
Reserved	–		1	–	211	–
Minimum write performance for 8-bit at 52 MHz	MIN_PERF_W_8_52		1	R	210	08h
Minimum read performance for 8-bit at 52 MHz	MIN_PERF_R_8_52		1	R	209	08h



4GB, 8GB, 16GB, 32GB: e-MMC (Automotive) ECSD Register

Table 6: ECSD Register Field Parameters (Continued)

Name	Field	Size (Bytes)	Cell Type ¹	ECSD Bytes	ECSD Value
Minimum write performance for 8-bit at 26 MHz and 4-bit at 52 MHz	MIN_PERF_W_8_26_4_52	1	R	208	08h
Minimum read performance for 8-bit at 26 MHz and 4-bit at 52 MHz	MIN_PERF_R_8_26_4_52	1	R	207	08h
Minimum write performance for 4-bit at 26 MHz	MIN_PERF_W_4_26	1	R	206	08h
Minimum read performance for 4-bit at 26 MHz	MIN_PERF_R_4_26	1	R	205	08h
Reserved	–	1	–	204	–
Power class for 26 MHz at 3.6V ³	PWR_CL_26_360	1	R	203	00h
Power class for 52 MHz at 3.6V ³	PWR_CL_52_360	1	R	202	00h
Power class for 26 MHz at 1.95V ³	PWR_CL_26_195	1	R	201	00h
Power class for 52 MHz at 1.95V ³	PWR_CL_52_195	1	R	200	00h
Partition switching timing	PARTITION_SWITCH_TIME	1	R	199	01h
Out-of-interrupt busy timing	OUT_OF_INTERRUPT_TIME	1	R	198	02h
Reserved	–	1	–	197	–
Card type	CARD_TYPE	1	R	196	07h
Reserved	–	1	–	195	–
CSD structure version	CSD_STRUCTURE	1	R	194	02h
Reserved	–	1	–	193	–
Extended CSD revision	EXT_CSD_REV	1	R	192	05h
Modes Segment					
Command set	CMD_SET	1	R/W/E_P	191	0h
Reserved	–	1	–	190	–
Command set revision	CMD_SET_REV	1	R	189	0h
Reserved	–	1	–	188	–
Power class	POWER_CLASS	1	R/W/E_P	187	0h
Reserved	–	1	–	186	–
High-speed interface timing	HS_TIMING	1	R/W/E_P	185	0h
Reserved	–	1	–	184	–
Bus width mode	BUS_WIDTH	1	W/E_P	183	0h
Reserved	–	1	–	182	–
Erased memory content	ERASED_MEM_CONT	1	R	181	0h
Reserved	–	1	–	180	–
Partition configuration ⁴	PARTITION_CONFIG	1	R/W/E, R/W/E_P	179	0h



4GB, 8GB, 16GB, 32GB: e-MMC (Automotive) ECSD Register

Table 6: ECSD Register Field Parameters (Continued)

Name	Field	Size (Bytes)	Cell Type ¹	ECSD Bytes	ECSD Value
Boot configuration protection	BOOT_CONFIG_PROT	1	R/W, R/W/C_P	178	0h
Boot bus width	BOOT_BUS_WIDTH	1	R/W/E	177	0h
Reserved	–	1	–	176	–
High-density erase group definition ⁵	ERASE_GROUP_DEF	1	R/W/E_P	175	0h
Reserved	–	1	–	174	–
Boot area write protection register	BOOT_WP	1	R/W, R/W/C_P	173	0h
Reserved	–	1	–	172	–
User write protection register	USER_WP	1	R/W, R/W/C_P, R/W/E_P	171	0h
Reserved	–	1	–	170	–
Firmware configuration	FW_CONFIG	1	R/W	169	0h
RPMB size	RPMB_SIZE_MULT	1	R	168	01h
Write reliability setting register ³	WR_REL_SET	1	R/W	167	1Fh
Write reliability parameter register	WR_REL_PARAM	1	R	166	04h
Reserved	–	1	–	165	–
Manually start background operations	BKOPS_START	1	W/E_P	164	–
Enable background operations handshake	BKOPS_EN	1	R/W	163	0h
Hardware reset function	RST_n_FUNCTION	1	R/W	162	0h
HPI management	HPI_MGMT	1	R/W/E_P	161	0h
Partitioning support	PARTITIONING_SUPPORT	1	R	160	03h
Maximum enhanced area size	MAX_ENH_SIZE_MULT	3	R	[159:157]	0001D5h
					0001DAh
Partitions attribute	PARTITIONS_ATTRIBUTE	1	R/W	156	0h
Partitioning setting	PARTITION_SETTING_COMPLETED	1	R/W	155	0h
General-purpose partition size	GP_SIZE_MULT	12	R/W	[154:143]	0h
Enhanced user data area size	ENH_SIZE_MULT	3	R/W	[142:140]	0h
Enhanced user data start address	ENH_START_ADDR	4	R/W	[139:136]	0h
Reserved	–	1	–	135	–
Bad block management mode	SEC_BAD_BLK_MGMNT	1	R/W	134	0h



4GB, 8GB, 16GB, 32GB: eMMC (Automotive) ECSD Register

Table 6: ECSD Register Field Parameters (Continued)

Name	Field	Size (Bytes)	Cell Type ¹	ECSD Bytes	ECSD Value
Reserved	–	134	–	[133:0]	–

Notes: 1. R = Read-only

R/W = One-time programmable and readable

R/W/E = Multiple writable with the value kept after a power cycle, assertion of the RST_n signal, and any CMD0 reset, and readable

R/W/C_P = Writable after the value is cleared by a power cycle and assertion of the RST_n signal (the value not cleared by CMD0 reset) and readable

R/W/E_P = Multiple writable with the value reset after a power cycle, assertion of the RST_n signal, and any CMD0 reset, and readable

W/E_P = Multiple writable with the value reset after power cycle, assertion of the RST_n signal, and any CMD0 reset, and not readable

TBD = To be determined

- Reserved bits should be read as 0.
- Micron has tested power failure under best application knowledge conditions with positive results. Customers may request a dedicated test for their specific application condition.
- Once WRITE operations have been made on the boot partitions (1 or 2), the PARTITION_ACCESS bits[2:0] must be reset to correctly validate the modifications.
- The SECURE ERASE commands are not supported if ERASE_GROUP_DEF = 0.



4GB, 8GB, 16GB, 32GB: e-MMC (Automotive) DC Electrical Specifications – Device Power

DC Electrical Specifications – Device Power

The device current consumption for various device configurations is defined in the power class fields of the ECSD register.

V_{CC} is used for the NAND Flash device and its interface voltage; V_{CCQ} is used for the controller and the e-MMC interface voltage.

Figure 9: Device Power Diagram

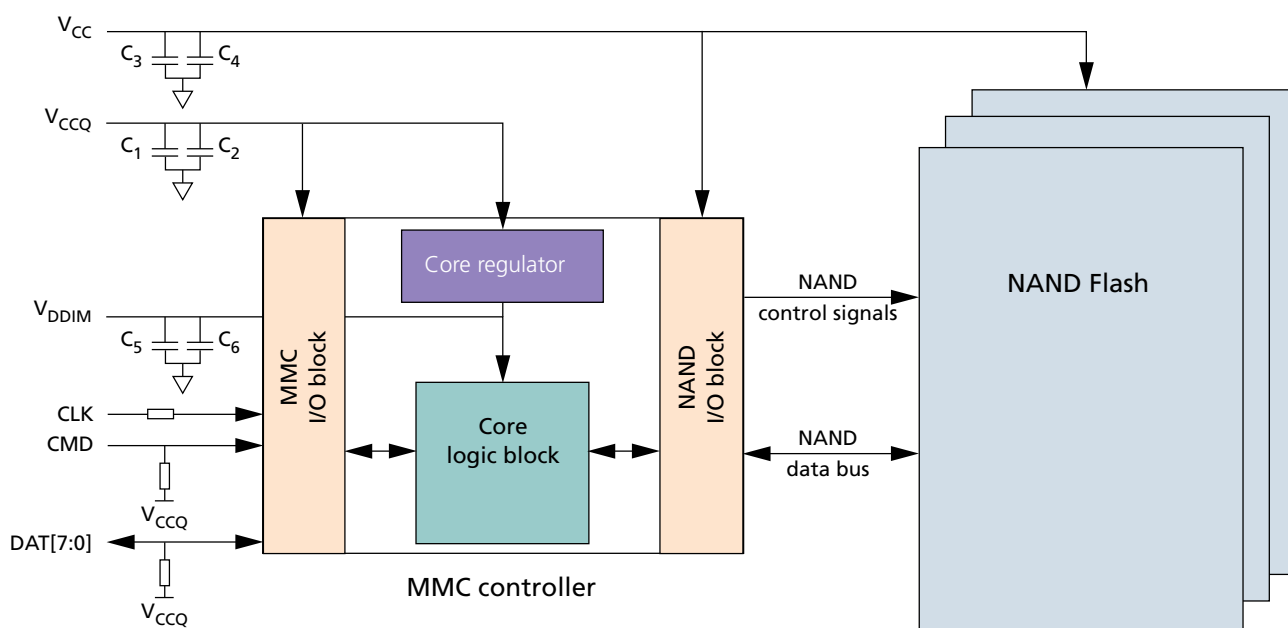


Table 7: Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameters	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Voltage input	V_{IN}	-0.6	4.6	V
V_{CC} supply	V_{CC}	-0.6	4.6	V
V_{CCQ} supply	V_{CCQ}	-0.6	4.6	V
Storage temperature	T_{STG}	-40	85	°C

Note: 1. Voltage on any pin relative to V_{SS} .



4GB, 8GB, 16GB, 32GB: e-MMC (Automotive) DC Electrical Specifications – Device Power

Table 8: Capacitor and Resistance Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Units	Notes
Pull-up resistance: CMD	R_CMD	10	kΩ	1
Pull-up resistance: DAT[7:0]	R_DAT	50	kΩ	1
Pull-up resistance: RST_n	R_RST_n	50	kΩ	2
CLK/CMD/DAT[7:0] impedance		50	Ω	3
Serial resistance on CLK	SR_CLK	22	Ω	
V _{CCQ} capacitor	C1	2.2	μF	4
	C2	0.1		
V _{CC} capacitor (≤8GB)	C3	2.2	μF	5
	C4	0.1		
V _{CC} capacitor (>8GB)	C3	4.7	μF	5
	C4	0.22		
V _{DDIM} capacitor (C _{reg})	C5	1	μF	6
	C6	0.1		

- Notes:
1. Used to prevent bus floating.
 2. If host does not use H/W RESET (RST_n), pull-up resistance is not needed on RST_n line (Extended_CSD[162] = 00h).
 3. Impedance match.
 4. The coupling capacitor should be connected with V_{CCQ} and V_{SSQ} as closely as possible.
 5. The coupling capacitor should be connected with V_{CC} and V_{SS} as closely as possible.
 6. The coupling capacitor should be connected with V_{DDIM} and V_{SS} as closely as possible.



Revision History

Rev. A – 11/12

- Updated typical current consumption, device features, partition performance, and part ordering information in Features
- Added OCR register table
- Updated CSD register and ECSD register tables
- Updated device power and capacitance in Electrical Specifications
- Added Absolute Maximum Ratings table in Electrical Specifications
- Erased Power Domains table in Electrical Specifications

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This data sheet contains minimum and maximum limits specified over the power supply and temperature range set forth herein. Although considered final, these specifications are subject to change, as further product development and data characterization sometimes occur.