

SF Series High Voltage Power Supply

General Description

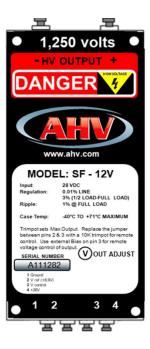
The SF Series high voltage power supplies are regulated modules that provide outputs of up 10kV and power levels to 15 Watts. The output voltage of each power supply is floating with respect to the input line. This allows either polarity to be configured The output voltage of the SF may be varied either with the unit trimpot, an external potentiometer, or via an external control signal. All SF models offer 0.01% line regulation and 3% maximum half load to full load regulation. The output ripple is typically less than 1% at full power. All SF's are reverse input voltage and short circuit protected.

Features

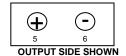
Regulated Output
Encapsulated
100 VDC to 10,000 VDC models available
15 Watt power (10W models available –V)
28 VDC input
Trimpot, Resistance or Voltage program



Connection Diagram



INPUT SIDE SHOWN



Pins:

5. + HV output6. - HV output

Pins:

- - INPUT SIDE SHOWN
- 1. Ground
- 2. +5.0V Reference
- 3. Vcontrol
- 4. +28 VDC input



Electrical Characteristics

(at 25 degrees C unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Conditions		Value		Units
		Min	Typical	Max	
Supply Voltage*:	(all power models)	25VDC	28VDC	31 VDC	VDC
Input Current:	No Load: (10 W models) No Load: (15 W models)	150 160	160 175	175 185	mA mA
	Full Load: (10 W models) Full Load: (15 W models)	550 850	600 900	650 950	mA mA
Output Ripple:	No Load (all models): Full Load (all models):	0.7% 0.8%	0.7% 0.8%	1% 1%	Vpp Vpp
Load Regulation:	No Load to Full Load Half Load to Full Load			20% 3%	VNL/VL VNL/VL
Output Linearity	No Load		1%		ΔV ουτ
					ΔVout (id
Output Linearity	Full Load (all models):		1%		ΔVουτ
					Δ V ουτ (ι
Short Circuit Current:	10 Watt Models: 15 Watt Models:		250 350	350 450	mA mA
Power Efficiency:	Full Load (10 W) Full Load (15W):	60% 65%	65% 70%	65% 70%	Pout/Pir
Reverse Input Polarity	Protected to 50 VDC				
Temperature Drift:	No Load Full Load			200 200	ppm/De ppm/De
Thermal Rise:	No Load (case) (15W) Full Load (case) (15W)			25 45	degrees degrees
Slew Rate (10% - 90%)	No Load Full Load			100 120	mS mS
Slew Rate (90% - 10%)	No Load Full Load			300 200	mS mS
Drain Out Time	No Load (5 TC)			150	mS

^{*} Other input voltages available: 15VDC, 24VDC, 28VDC and 48VDC



Physical Characteristics (at 25 degrees C unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Conditions	Value	Units
Dimensions	MKS English	50.8 W x 101.6L x 20.6 H 2.0 W x 4.0 L x 0.81 H	mm inches
Volume:	MKS English	105 6.4	cm ³ inch ³
Mass:	MKS English	156 5.6	grams oz
Packaging:	Black anodized aluminum case	with RTV elastomer encapsulation	
Finish	Smooth brushed aluminum		
Terminations:	Input and control: Teflon termina HV Output: Teflon termin	` '	

Environmental Characteristics

(at 25 degrees C unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Conditions	Value	Units
Temperature Range	case temperature	-40 degrees to + 71 degrees -40 degrees to + 160 degrees	Celsius Fahrenheit
Shock:	MIL-STD-810 Method 516	40 g's	Proc IV
Altitude:	pins sealed against corona pins sealed against corona	-350 to + 16,700 -1,000 to +55,000	meters feet
Vibrations:	MIL-STD-810 Method 514	20 g's	Curve E
Thermal Shock	MIL-STD-810 Method 504	-40 deg C to + 71 deg C	Class 2

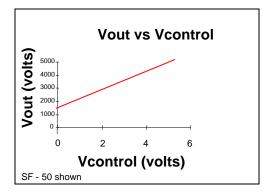


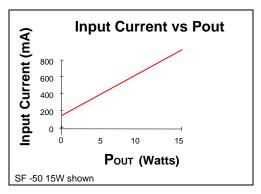
Models Available (as of August 2019): (Vin = 28 VDC)

Model	Output Voltage Range	Power	Ripple (max)	
SF-1V	0 – 100 VDC	10 Watts	1 Vpp	
SF-3V	0 - 300 VDC	10 Watts	3 Vpp	
SF-6V	0 - 600 VDC	10 Watts	6 Vpp	
SF-12V	0 – 1,200 VDC	10 Watts	12 Vpp	
SF-25V	0 – 2,500 VDC	10 Watts	25 Vpp	
SF-50V	0 – 5,000 VDC	10 Watts	50 Vpp	
SF-100V	0 - 10,000 VDC	10 Watts	100 Vpp	
SF-1	0 – 100 VDC	15 Watts	1 Vpp	
SF-3	0 - 300 VDC	15 Watts	3 Vpp	
SF-6	0 - 600 VDC	15 Watts	6 Vpp	
SF-12	0 – 1,200 VDC	15 Watts	12 Vpp	
SF-25	0 – 2,500 VDC	15 Watts	25 Vpp	
SF-50	0 – 5,000 VDC	15 Watts	50 Vpp	
SF-100	0 – 10,000 VDC	15 Watts	100 Vpp	



SF Series Performance Charts





SF Series Application Notes

The SFSeries high voltage power supplies are powered by an input voltage of 28 VDC. They can be adjusted to provide a set output voltage or they can be controlled either by an external resistance or an external voltage. By connecting the Vcontrol pin to the +5.0 volt reference pin the maximum output voltage of the power supply is obtained and is adjustable via the trimpot located on the top of the power supply. Reductions in output voltage to 30% of maximum are possible by this method. This is shown in Figure 1 below. The maximum voltage is fixed by the model and is a regulated output. In this configuration, the output voltage will not vary with input line fluctuations or output load changes up to the maximum power rating for the power supply. For standard 28 VDC input models, the input line may vary from 25 VDC to 31 VDC and the output voltage will remain regulated within 0.01%. Standard output loads may be as high as 15 Watts of power (for 15 Watt models). The input AC bypass capacitor C1 is optional and is utilized to prevent switching spikes from riding back on the input power lines. Values of 0.1 uF to 10 uF are commonly used.

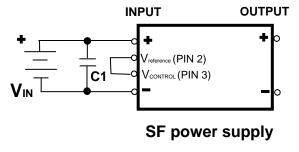


Figure 1: Basic SF hookup schematic for maximum output

The output voltage of the SF unit may be programmed from an external voltage. It may be reduced in magnitude by placing a voltage lower than the +5.0 volt reference voltage onto the Vcontrol pin (Pin 3). By placing a voltage of +2.5 VDC onto the control voltage pin the output will be reduced in half. Figure 2 details a simple method of using an external voltage source to vary the output voltage of the SF power supply. Typical values of input impedance for the SF are 5K Ohms. This makes programming via a DAC or operational amplifier an easy chore for the SF power supply. The control voltage is referenced to the input ground. There is no connection between the input ground and output HV return in all SF power supplies.



SF Series Application Notes (continued)

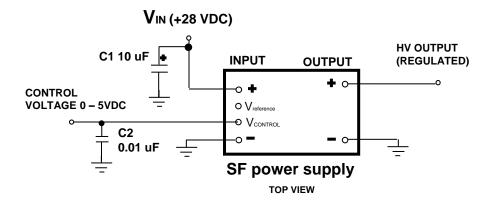


Figure 2: Voltage programming

Capacitor C1 removes switching spikes from the input line and C2 is an AC bypass to insure smooth voltage control levels.

The SF power supply may also be programmed by using a simple trimpot and the internal +5.0 volt reference. Figure 3 shows this topology. Because the input impedance of the control voltage pin is 5K Ohms, the output of the SF may be controlled between minimum and maximum values using the formulas given. The output in both configurations can always be lowered or adjusted via the internal trimpot located on the top surface of the power supply.

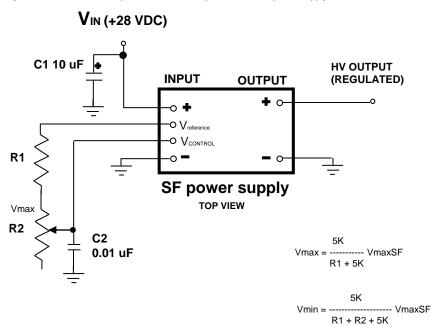
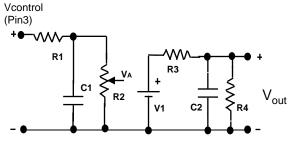


Figure 3: Resistance Programming



Note: R2 is internal trimpot accessible via top of power supply

Equivalent SF Circuit Model



Equivalent SF HVPS Circuit Model

R1 = 100 Ohms

R2 = 5K Ohms (timpot)

R3 = $(15 \times \text{Vout}_{\text{max}})$ Ohms R4 = $(4 \times \text{Vout}_{\text{max}}^2)$ Ohms C1 = (0.1×10^{-6}) Farads

 $C2 = (0.0075 \times lout_{max} / Vout_{max}) Farads$ $V1 = (VA \times Vout_{max} / 5.0) Volts$

For example, for an SF - 50 10W:

Voutmax = 5000 V

Poutmax = 10 W loutmax = 0.002 A

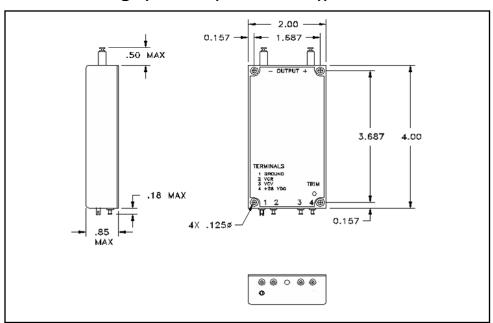
R1 = 100 Ohms

R2 = 5K Ohms R3 = 75K Ohms

R4 = 100 Megohm

C1 = 0.1 uFC2 = 0.003 uF

Outline Drawing: (inches (millimeters))



Ordering Information:

SFV* - Y

X = Output voltage

* = Remove V for 15 Watt units

Example:

SF - 50V 10W: Maximum output = 5,000 V 10 Watts 28 VDC input Maximum output = 5,000 V 15 Watts 28 VDC input