No. SPQ-19L27

Nov . 20 , 2019

TO : DIGI-KEY ELECTRONICS

## <u>SPECIFICATION</u>

Product name : DIA THERMISTOR NEGATIVE

Part number : DTN-G103H3H-DGS102H

PW-AP-3610E : Specification

Should you have any changes regarding this specifications,please make a contact to our sales department within 14 days after receiving this document.

MITSUBISHI MATERIALS CORPORATION CERAMICS PLANT QUALITY ASSURANCE DEPARTMENT / MANAGER

Matsum<u>oto</u>

J. MATSUMOTO

2270 YOKOZE CHICHIBU SAITAMA PREF. 368-8502. JAPAN

	Thermistor	Sensor Specification	Drawing No.	PW-AP-3610E (1	st Edition)	Page	1⁄
Туре	DTN-G	G103H3H-DGS102H Date No			ovember 20, 2019		
T R	RoHS directiv	ation is applied to thermist e pass. maracteristics	or sensor [	DTN-G103H3H-DGS1	IO2H ] .		
	Item Particular				Specification		
2-1 Resist	ance	Resistance at 25°C.			$R_{25} = 10k\Omega \pm 3\%$		
2-2 B-valu	le	B-value between t1°C and t2 °C Bt1/t2 = In $\frac{\text{Rt1}}{\text{Rt2}} \left( \frac{1}{\text{t1}+273.15} - \frac{1}{\text{t2}+273.15} \right)$			B <sub>25/50</sub> = 3465K ±3% (B <sub>25/85</sub> = 3502K)		
consta	Il time Int ent temp. change)	Where the sensor is screwed up on aluminum block(120L*20W*20T), the block except sensor attached surface is put into 25°C water. From this state when the block is moved into 50°C water, the time required for the temperature of the sensor to change by 63.2% of the difference of temperature.			τ ≦ 22 sec.		
2-4 Dissip consta		The electric power to increase 1 degree in temperature of sensor at 25°C in still air.			$\delta \rightleftharpoons 2.8 \text{ mW/}^{\circ}\text{C}$		
2-5 Operat temper range				1	ſw = −40 <b>~</b> +	150°C	
2-6 Rated	power	The electric power which is necessary to make the thermistor self heating up to maximum operating temperature at the ambient temperature 25°C.			Pmax. = 350 mW		
2-7 Withst voltag	anding ge	A.C.500V-1 minute or A.C.600V-1 second. (between terminal and lead wire)			No abnormal found		
2-8 Insula resist		D.C.500V megger. (between terminal and lead wire)			I.R. ≧ 100MΩ		

3. Reliability characteristics

Testing item	Τe	esting requirement	Changing ratio after test
3-1 Heat resistance test	150℃ in air	placed for 1000 hours	$\begin{array}{rcl} \Delta R_{25} & \leq & \pm 3\% \\ \Delta B_{25/50} & \leq & \pm 2\% \\ \text{Satisfy 2-7, 2-8 items.} \end{array}$
3-2 Cold resistance test	-40°C in air	placed for 1000 hours	$\begin{array}{rcl} \Delta R_{25} & \leqq \pm 3\% \\ \Delta B_{25/50} & \leqq \pm 2\% \\ \text{Satisfy 2-7, 2-8 items.} \end{array}$
3-3 High temperature humidity test	60℃, 95% R.H.	placed for 1000 hours	$\begin{array}{rcl} \Delta R_{25} & \leq & \pm 3\% \\ \Delta B_{25/50} & \leq & \pm 2\% \\ \text{Satisfy 2-7, 2-8 items.} \end{array}$
3-4 Р. С. Т.	121°C 2 atm	placed for 1000 hours	$\begin{array}{rcl} \Delta R_{25} & \leq & \pm 3\% \\ \Delta B_{25/50} & \leq & \pm 2\% \\ \text{Satisfy 2-7, 2-8 items.} \end{array}$
3-5 Heat cycle test	-40°C [in air] ⇔ each 1 hours. 10		$\begin{array}{rcl} \Delta R_{25} & \leqq \pm 3\% \\ \Delta B_{25/50} & \leqq \pm 2\% \\ \text{Satisfy 2-7, 2-8 items.} \end{array}$

## 4. Mechanical characteristics

Testing item	Testing requirement	Characteristics after test		
4-1 Lead wire pull test	Fix terminal, pull from lead wire axis direction, hang a static load of 49N(5.0kg·f) and stay for 10 minutes. (Two is pulled at the same time)	$\begin{array}{rcl} \bigtriangleup R_{25} & \leqq \pm 3\% \\ \bigtriangleup B_{25/50} & \leqq \pm 2\% \\ \mbox{No abnormal found in} \\ \mbox{appearance and } 2-7, 2-8 items. \end{array}$		
4-2 Lead wire bending test	Hang a load of 2.45N (0.25kg $\cdot$ f) on to the lead wire, bend the Sample 90° and then return it to its original position. Carry out this operation within 2~3 seconds, which is counted as 1 cycle. Run 2 cycles.	$\begin{array}{rcl} \bigtriangleup R_{25} & \leqq \pm 3\% \\ \bigtriangleup B_{25/50} & \leqq \pm 2\% \\ \mbox{No abnormal found in} \\ \mbox{appearance and } 2-7, 2-8 \mbox{ items.} \end{array}$		
4-3 Drop test	Drop on concrete floor from height of 1m 3 times.	$\begin{array}{rcl} \bigtriangleup R_{25} & \leqq \pm 3\% \\ \bigtriangleup B_{25/50} & \leqq \pm 2\% \\ \mbox{No abnormal found in} \\ \mbox{appearance and } 2-7, 2-8 items. \end{array}$		
4-4 Case pressurizing test	Sensor insertion axis direction, hang a load of 249N(30kg·f) and stay for 10 minutes. (The trestle and, pushing gold are iron)	$\begin{array}{rcl} \bigtriangleup R_{25} & \leqq \pm 3\% \\ \bigtriangleup B_{25/50} & \leqq \pm 2\% \\ \mbox{No abnormal found in} \\ \mbox{appearance and } 2-7, 2-8 items. \end{array}$		

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5. Sh	nape – Dimensi	on	5 3.5max 15	5±1.5	(mm)	
	Lead wi	re twist angle 30° max	Inner s	tructure		
5	Adhesive	High heat resistance and	Low expansio	n type Epoxy resin	Yes	
4	Terminal	Ring tongue terminal 5.5	-S4 (JST)		Yes	
3	Lead wire	Nickel plated CP wire o	<b>⊅</b> 0.4		Yes	

3	Lead wire	Nickel plated CP wire $\phi$ 0.4	Yes
2	Coating	High heat resistance and Low expansion type Epoxy resin	Yes
1	Thermistor	Glass enclosing chip (GA13 type)	Yes
No.	Part	Specification	RoHS compliant

6. Caution in Thermistor Sensor usage

Due to the possibilities of destruction of the sensor, damage or miss use of equipment, please strictly follow below matter.

- ①The sensor is designed for individual usage. When it is going to be used beyond the specified condition, please speak to your daily contact person for our products.
- (2)Whenever designing the equipment, make sure to check sensor operation and if there is no lack of quality.

③Do not use the sensor exceeding rated electric power.

(4) Due to possibility of causing the decrease of the value of resistance with self heat and malfunction of the equipment or the precision decrease of the inspection temperature, carefully refer to the dissipation constant usage of electric power and voltage.

⑤Do not use the sensor beyond operating temperature range.

⑥Avoid from exceeding radical temperature change, which is beyond operating temperature range.

- ⑦In case of independently use of the sensor as a main control of the device, make sure to design and devise through safety measures for [safe circuit] and [parallel use with same function sensor] etc, to prevent from accident.
- (B)Under the environment which receives the influence of electric noise, make sure to take countermeasure by installing a protection circuit and seal the sensor. (including the lead wire)
- (9)When the case type sensor is used under high humidity environment, make sure to design so that the protected case tip must be exposed to environment (in water, moisture) condition, and open part of the case must be prevented from not touching water and steam directly.
- (Do not add excessive vibrating shocking pressure.

①Avoid from excessive pulling and bending of the lead wire.

- Do not impress excessive voltage in the insulated part and between the electrode. This might cause to occur the insulated malfunction.
- ③Consider wiring, due to contact failure might occur if the terminal of the lead wire (including the connector) is immersed into [water] [steam] [electrolyte] etc.
- (1) Do not use in corrosiveness gas atmosphere (Cl2, NH3, SOX, NOX) beyond the designated condition. Do not use at the place where the sensor touches the electrolytic, brine, acid, alkaline and organic solvent beyond the designated condition.
- (5) Due to possibility of the equipment becoming malfunction depending upon metal corrosion, consider not to cause potential difference with the contact metal for the case and screw equipped type sensor.

If there is any others unclear point, please inquire to our company sales in-charge.