# DC / DC converter BP5232-25A / BP5232-33A / BP5233-33A / BP5234-33A

The BP5232-25A, BP5232-33A, BP5233-33A and BP5234-33A are DC / DC converters that use PWM system and VIF system. They contain control circuits, switching devices and coils, and operate by only connecting an I/O smoothing capacitor.

With a high efficiency of power conversion, the modules are available in stand-alone SIP packages with no heat sink required.

#### Applications

Power supplies for copiers, personal computers, facsimiles, industrial equipment, and AV eqipment

#### Features

- 1) High power conversion efficiency. (BP5233-33A : 93%)
- 2) Large output current.
- 3) Low current consumption with no load. (BP5233-33A : 200µA Typ.)
- 4) High conversion efficiency. (85% at output current of 100mA)
- 5) Applicable to various purposes by fine-adjusting output voltage with external circuits.
- 6) Built-in ON / OFF switch.
- 7) Heat sink unnecessary.

#### • Absolute maximum ratings (Ta=25°C)

| Parameter             | Symbol | Limits                                     |     |     |    |   |  |  |
|-----------------------|--------|--|-----|-----|----|---|--|--|
| Falameter             | Symbol | BP5232-25A BP5232-33A BP5233-33A BP5234-33 |     |     |    |   |  |  |
| Input voltage         | Vin    | 7  |     |     |    |   |  |  |
| Output current        | lo     | 2*   | 2 * | 3 * | 4* | А |  |  |
| Operating temperature | Topr   | -20 ~ +55                                  |     |     |    |   |  |  |
| Storage temperature   | Tstg   | -25 ~ +80                                  |     |     |    |   |  |  |

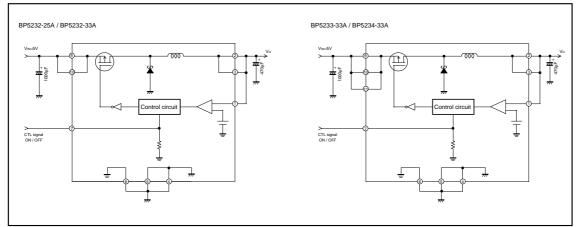
\* Derating required according to the input voltage and ambient temperature.

#### Recommended operating conditions (Ta=25°C)

| Parameter     | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|---------------|--------|------|------|------|------|
| Input voltage | Vin    | 4.5  | 5.0  | 5.5  | V    |

### **Power Module**

### Block diagram



#### Pin descriptions

BP5232-25A , 5232-33A

| Pin No. | Pin description |
|---------|-----------------|
| 1       | Feed back       |
| 2       | Vout1           |
| 3       | Vout2           |
| 4       | GND             |
| 5       | GND             |

| Pin No. | Pin description |
|---------|-----------------|
| 6       | GND             |
| 7       | CTL             |
| 9       | Vın1            |
| 10      | VIN2            |
|         |                 |

| BP5233- | 33A , BP5234-33A |         |                 |
|---------|------------------|---------|-----------------|
| Pin No. | Pin description  | Pin No. | Pin description |
| 1       | Feed back        | 6       | GND             |
| 2       | Vout1            | 7       | CTL             |
| 3       | Vout2            | 9       | Vin1            |
| 4       | GND              | 10      | VIN2            |
| 5       | GND              | 11      | VIN3            |

Pin 8 is removed.

#### • Electrical characteristics

BP5232-25A (Unless otherwise noted, VIN=5V, Io=1A, SW=1, Ta=25°C)

| Parameter                     | Symbol | Min.           | Тур.            | Max.           | Unit | Conditions | Measurement circuit |
|-------------------------------|--------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|------|------------|---------------------|
| Input voltage                 | Vin    | 4.5            | 5               | 5.5            | V    |            | Fig.1               |
| Output voltage                | Vo     | 2.4            | 2.5             | 2.6            | V    |            | Fig.1               |
| Output current                | lo     | -              | -               | 2              | А    | *1         | Fig.1               |
| Current consuption at no load | Iin    | -              | 200             | 300            | μA   |            | Fig.1               |
| Load regulation               | ΔVo    | -              | 13              | 33             | mV   | lo=0.1A~2A | Fig.1               |
| Output ripple voltage         | υγ     | -              | 33              | 150            | тVрр | *2         | Fig.1               |
| Power conversion efficiency   | η      | 84             | 89              | -              | %    |            | Fig.1               |
| CTL pin ON voltage            | Von    | 1.8            | -               | -              | V    |            | Fig.1               |
| CTL pin OFF voltage           | Voff   | _<br>(Alternat | –<br>ively, whe | 0.3<br>n OPEN) | V    | SW=2       | Fig.1               |

Pin 8 is removed.

\*1 Derating required according to the input voltage and ambient temperature.

\*2 Pulse noise not included.

### **Power Module**

| Parameter                     | Symbol | Min.           | Тур.            | Max.           | Unit | Conditions | Measurement circuit |
|-------------------------------|--------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|------|------------|---------------------|
| Input voltage                 | Vin    | 4.5            | 5               | 5.5            | V    |            | Fig.1               |
| Output voltage                | Vo     | 3.17           | 3.3             | 3.43           | V    |            | Fig.1               |
| Output current                | lo     | -              | -               | 2              | А    | *1         | Fig.1               |
| Current consuption at no load | lin    | -              | 200             | 300            | μA   |            | Fig.1               |
| Load regulation               | ΔVo    | -              | 16              | 42             | mV   | lo=0.1A~2A | Fig.1               |
| Output ripple voltage         | υγ     | -              | 33              | 150            | тVрр | *2         | Fig.1               |
| Power conversion efficiency   | η      | 88             | 93              | -              | %    |            | Fig.1               |
| CTL pin ON voltage            | Von    | 1.8            | -               | _              | V    |            | Fig.1               |
| CTL pin OFF voltage           | Voff   | _<br>(Alternat | _<br>įvely, whe | 0.3<br>n OPEN) | V    | SW=2       | Fig.1               |

#### BP5232-33A (Unless otherwise noted, VIN=5V, Io=1A, SW=1, Ta=25°C)

\*1 Derating required according to the input voltage and ambient temperature. \*2 Pulse noise not included.

### BP5233-33A (Unless otherwise noted, VIN=5V, Io=1.5A, SW=1, Ta=25°C)

| Parameter                     | Symbol | Min.           | Тур.            | Max.           | Unit | Conditions | Measurement circuit |
|-------------------------------|--------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|------|------------|---------------------|
| Input voltage                 | Vin    | 4.5            | 5               | 5.5            | V    |            | Fig.2               |
| Output voltage                | Vo     | 3.17           | 3.3             | 3.43           | V    |            | Fig.2               |
| Output current                | lo     | -              | -               | 3              | Α    | *1         | Fig.2               |
| Current consuption at no load | lin    | -              | 200             | 300            | μA   |            | Fig.2               |
| Load regulation               | ΔVo    | -              | 16              | 42             | mV   | lo=0.1A~3A | Fig.2               |
| Output ripple voltage         | υγ     | -              | 33              | 150            | тVрр | *2         | Fig.2               |
| Power conversion efficiency   | η      | 88             | 93              | -              | %    |            | Fig.2               |
| CTL pin ON voltage            | Von    | 1.8            | -               | -              | V    |            | Fig.2               |
| CTL pin OFF voltage           | Voff   | _<br>(Alternat | –<br>ively, whe | 0.3<br>n OPEN) | V    | SW=2       | Fig.2               |

\*1 Derating required according to the input voltage and ambient temperature. \*2 Pulse noise not included.

## BP5234-33A (Unless otherwise noted, VIN=3.3V, Io=2A, SW=1, Ta=25°C)

| Parameter                     | Symbol | Min.           | Тур.            | Max.           | Unit | Conditions | Measurement circuit |
|-------------------------------|--------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|------|------------|---------------------|
| Input voltage                 | Vin    | 4.5            | 5               | 5.5            | V    |            | Fig.2               |
| Output voltage                | Vo     | 3.17           | 3.3             | 3.43           | V    |            | Fig.2               |
| Output current                | lo     | -              | _               | 4              | Α    | *1         | Fig.2               |
| Current consuption at no load | IIN    | -              | 200             | 300            | μA   |            | Fig.2               |
| Load regulation               | ΔVo    | -              | 16              | 42             | mV   | lo=0.1A~4A | Fig.2               |
| Output ripple voltage         | υγ     | -              | 33              | 150            | тVрр | *2         | Fig.2               |
| Power conversion efficiency   | η      | 88             | 93              | _              | %    |            | Fig.2               |
| CTL pin ON voltage            | Von    | 1.8            | _               | -              | V    |            | Fig.2               |
| CTL pin OFF voltage           | Voff   | _<br>(Alternat | –<br>ively, whe | 0.3<br>n OPEN) | V    | SW=2       | Fig.2               |

\*1 Derating required according to the input voltage and ambient temperature.

\*2 Pulse noise not included.

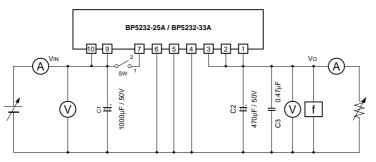
### **Power Module**

#### Measurement circuit

C3

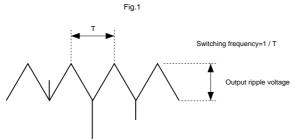
: frequency counter C1, C2 : Low impedance type

: film capacitor



\*A large ripple current flows to the input smoothing capacitor due to the output load. Be minded to use within the allowable ripple current of the capacitor.

\*The capacitor with a particularly low impedance is used as the output smoothing capacitor C2 so as to suppress the output ripple voltage. Select the capacitor according to the purpose of use in each case.



Note that the output ripple voltage depends on the type and characteristics of the output capacitor.

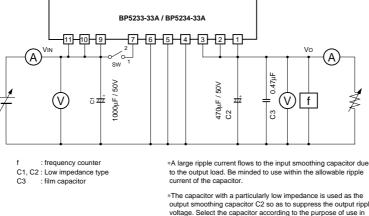


Fig.2

т

Switching frequency=1 / T

ROHM

Output ripple voltage

Note that the output ripple voltage depends on the type and characteristics of the output capacitor.

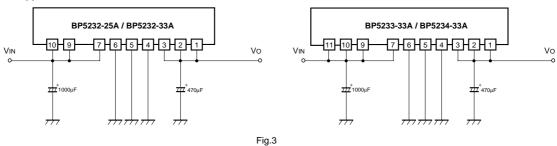
\*The capacitor with a particularly low impedance is used as the output smoothing capacitor C2 so as to suppress the output ripple voltage. Select the capacitor according to the purpose of use in each case.

### **Power Module**

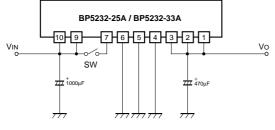
#### Circuit operation

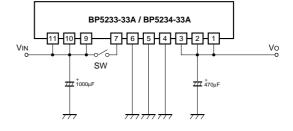
- (1) The basic application examples are shown in Fig.3. The externally installed parts are only the input and output smoothing capacitors.
- (2) Switching on and off the output voltage is allowed. The output can be switched off by making pin 7 to be low or open (high impedance). (See Fig.4.)
- (3) Fine adjustment of the output voltage is allowed. The fine adjustment of output voltage can be performed from pin 1 via the resistor by connecting the output terminal (pin 2, 3) and GND. (See Fig.5.)

**Basic application** 



Output ON / OFF control

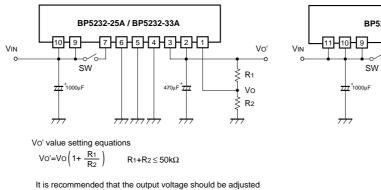


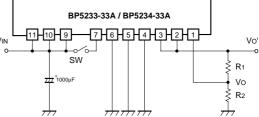




#### Application example

Output voltage fine adjustment





It is recommended that the output voltage should be adjusted within the range of  $\pm 10\%$  of the rated output voltage, so that the performance of the module can fully be exhibited.



ROHM

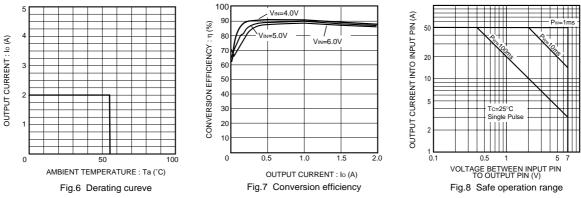
### **Power Module**

#### Operation notes

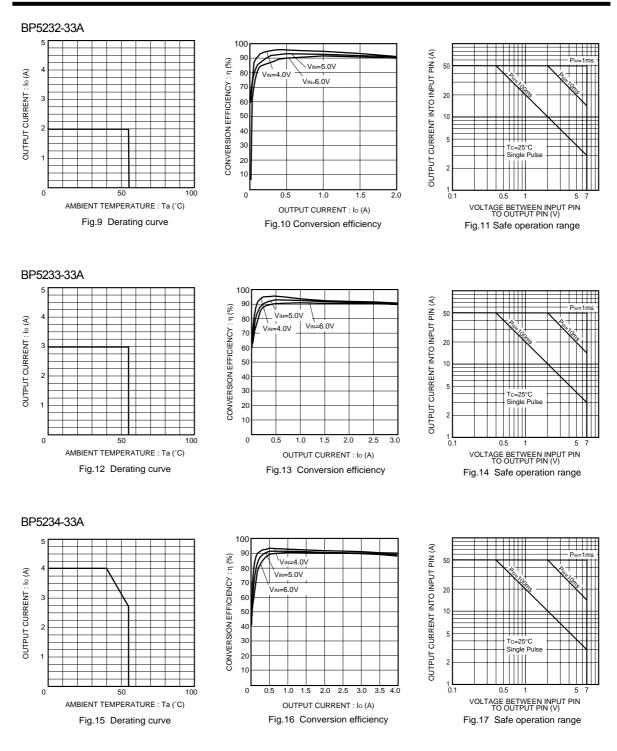
- (1) The output current should be reduced according to an increase in the input voltage or ambient temperature. Use the module within the derating curve range.
- (2) In case that the output is controlled by switching on and off utilizing pin 7 or in case that the input voltage is applied, a large inrush electrical current may flow. Be minded to use within the allowable operating range. This allowable operating range is specified by the safety operating range of the switching transistor in the module. The amount of the inrush current varies depending on the output impedance of the input electrical power or the capacity value of the capacitor to be connected to the output.
- (3) Protection circuit for output current is incorporated. In case that the output is short-circuited, the output will be latched by switching off. The protection circuit can be cancelled by making CTL terminal active state (CTL=HIGH), after once making it standby state (CTL=LOW), or by resupplying the power. However, in case that the protection circuit is cancelled by resupplying the power source, it may not be cancelled even by resupplying the power source in the state that the electrical charge is remained in CIN (the state that voltage is remained in VIN) even after the power source is switched off.
- (4) The leading time of the input voltage should be made within 5ms. There may be a case that the protection circuit is activated.
- (5) I / O smoothing capacitors should be connected between I / O and GND terminals.
- (6) Normally, use by short-circuiting pins 1, 2, 3, pins 4, 5, 6, and pins 9, 10, 11 (BP5232-25A) respectively.
- (7) A large ripple current flows to the input smoothing capacitor due to the output load. Be minded to use within the allowable ripple current of the capacitor.
- (8) The capacitor with a particularly low impedance is used as the output smoothing capacitor C2 so as to suppress the output ripple voltage. Select the capacitor according to the purpose of use in each case.

## Electrical characteristic curves

### BP5232-25A



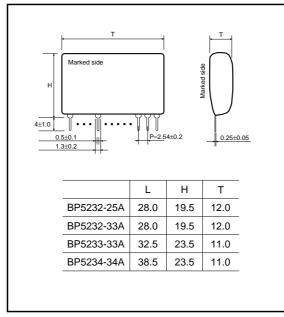
### **Power Module**



## ROHM

## **Power Module**

• External dimensions (Units : mm)



## ROHM

#### Notes

- No technical content pages of this document may be reproduced in any form or transmitted by any means without prior permission of ROHM CO.,LTD.
- The contents described herein are subject to change without notice. The specifications for the product described in this document are for reference only. Upon actual use, therefore, please request that specifications to be separately delivered.

• Application circuit diagrams and circuit constants contained herein are shown as examples of standard use and operation. Please pay careful attention to the peripheral conditions when designing circuits and deciding upon circuit constants in the set.

Any data, including, but not limited to application circuit diagrams information, described herein are intended only as illustrations of such devices and not as the specifications for such devices. ROHM CO.,LTD. disclaims any warranty that any use of such devices shall be free from infringement of any third party's intellectual property rights or other proprietary rights, and further, assumes no liability of whatsoever nature in the event of any such infringement, or arising from or connected with or related to the use of such devices.

• Upon the sale of any such devices, other than for buyer's right to use such devices itself, resell or otherwise dispose of the same, no express or implied right or license to practice or commercially exploit any intellectual property rights or other proprietary rights owned or controlled by

- ROHM CO., LTD. is granted to any such buyer.
- Products listed in this document use silicon as a basic material.
  Products listed in this document are no antiradiation design.

The products listed in this document are designed to be used with ordinary electronic equipment or devices (such as audio visual equipment, office-automation equipment, communications devices, electrical appliances and electronic toys).

Should you intend to use these products with equipment or devices which require an extremely high level of reliability and the malfunction of with would directly endanger human life (such as medical instruments, transportation equipment, aerospace machinery, nuclear-reactor controllers, fuel controllers and other safety devices), please be sure to consult with our sales representative in advance.

About Export Control Order in Japan

Products described herein are the objects of controlled goods in Annex 1 (Item 16) of Export Trade Control Order in Japan.

In case of export from Japan, please confirm if it applies to "objective" criteria or an "informed" (by MITI clause) on the basis of "catch all controls for Non-Proliferation of Weapons of Mass Destruction.